Setting Up PySZG on Mac OS X 10.5

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Introduction

This report simply details the method I used to get PySZG working with our current Syzygy version on Mac OS X 10.5. I'm not claiming that this is a great way to do it - but as of today it's the only way I've found. This setup uses Python 2.3 and SWIG 1.3.21, with the Wii Syzygy 1.1 that has been patched for the darwin kernel. There seems to be some path issues which require that the core Syzygy dynamic libraries (*.dylib) be located in the same directory as the python executable, though there is probably a simple fix to this.

What You Need

This section assumes only a few things - that you are using Mac 10.5 in Altgeld 102, you have the patched version of Syzygy installed (all machines we use in here currently do), and Python 2.3 installed as well (as with Syzygy, Python 2.3 is also installed on all machines in here) - however, the current installation that Mac defaults to is Python 2.5. We will circumvent this without destroying the 2.5 installation. The basic outline is as follows:

- Re-patch the arDataUtilities source code in Syzygy
- Re-install the newly patched Syzygy
- Get and install SWIG 1.3.21
- Bind the Python and Syzygy libraries using SWIG
- Clean things up
- Enjoy the fruits of your labor!

Repatching Syzygy The 1.1 version of Syzygy has a recent bug in arDataUtilities.cpp and arDataUtilities.h that prevents PySZG from binding correctly. It's a simple fix, and hopefully soon it should have proliferated among the lab machines so this part can be skipped. Many thanks to Jim Crowell for pointing out the bug.

To fix it, change directories to the Syzygy source code:

\$ cd /sw/syzygy/wii/szg/src/language

We're going to edit the source files, but first make backups:

```
$ cp arDataUtilities.cpp arDataUtilities.cpp.back
$ cp arDataUtilities.h arDataUtilities.h.back
```

Hopefully you won't have to use them, but just to be safe. Use whatever editor you like to edit the arDataUtilities files -I will use vim to edit:

```
$ vim arDataUtilities.cpp
```

We need to find the following block of code:

```
<< SZG_PATCH_VERSION;
    __version = os.str();
  }
  return __version;
}
We see that this block of code comes shortly after a compiler directive:
#ifdef AR_USE_WIN_32
We need to move the above block of code to outside this compiler directive, so move it after the line
#endif
but make sure it is the one that immediately follows the #ifdef statement - then save and quit.
Now for arDataUtilities.h:
$ vim arDataUtilities.h
Find the line that says:
string SZG_CALL ar_versionString();
and change it to:
SZG_CALL string ar_versionString();
Save the changes and quit. If anything goes terribly wrong, you can always revert back to your backup
files and start over.
Re-installing Your Patched Syzygy To reinstall the patched Syzygy, change directories to the build
directory:
$ cd /sw/syzygy/wii/szg/build/
Make it clean first:
$ make demo-clean
$ make clean
and then build it again:
$ make demo
and that should do it.
Get and Install SWIG 1.3.21 To get SWIG 1.3.21, go to this link:
http://sourceforge.net/project/downloading.php?groupname=swig&
   filename=swig-1.3.21.tar.gz&use_mirror=internap
or Google "SWIG 1.3.21" and find the Sourceforge link (should be one of the top results). Put it wherever
you like and unpack it:
$ gunzip swig-1.3.21.tar.gz
$ tar -xf swig-1.3.21.tar
$ cd SWIG-1.3.21
Now configure SWIG for installation and install it:
$ ./configure
$ make
$ make install
```

Again, should anything go wrong, you can uninstall it by typing:

```
$ make uninstall
```

\$ make clean

and that should cover it. SWIG is probably smart enough to put itself in all the right places, but you can check it by going to an arbitrary place in your filesystem and typing:

```
$ swig -version
```

to check that the SWIG binaries are on your PATH.

Bind the Python and Syzygy Libraries While you have just installed SWIG, you won't actually have to explicitly call it - this is built in to the PySZG makefiles. Before you make PySZG, however, you need to set a few environment variables. First, get the szguser.profile from dent. Connect to dent from the Finder by hitting the Apple-Command (Flower) + K. A dialog will pop up, and in the top text field type:

```
afp://dent
```

and click Connect. Enter in your user name and password in the subsequent dialog and click Connect once again, and from the list that comes up select netgroups and click OK. Navigate into the illimath directory, and copy the file szguser.profile to your home directory, /Users/<Your_User_Name>/

Now from the command line, navigate to your home directory and source the user profile:

```
$ cd ~
```

\$ source szguser.profile

which should set up a few of your environment variables, namely \$SZGHOME and \$SZGBIN. We still need a couple more however. Issue the following commands from the terminal:

```
$ export SZG_PYINCLUDE=/sw/include/python2.3/
$ export SZG_PYLIB=
```

The first tells Syzygy where the header Python.h is. The second doesn't actually need to be done, but we do it just in case SZG_PYLIB has been previously set.

Now change directory into the PySZG directory, now known as python/ within the Syzygy directory tree, and make:

```
$ cd $SZGHOME/python/
```

\$ make

If it compiles, all is well so far. If not, this installation method will not work and there is something wrong. But we're still not quite ready yet - there are a few more things to be done. We must add the /sw/bin/ to the PATH, link the libraries there, and set the PYTHONPATH:

```
$ export PATH=$PATH:/sw/bin/
$ ln -s $SZGBIN/* /sw/bin/
$ export PYTHONPATH=$SZGBIN
```

PySZG should now be ready - you can test it by executing the following:

```
$ python2.3
>>> from PySZG import *
>>> g = arGraphicsDatabase()
>>> g.printStructure()
```

If the above executes without errors, your installation was a success. You can further test it by trying the demos:

```
$ cd $SZGHOME/python/demo/blobby/
$ python2.3 blobby.py
```

If this does not work, again, sorry, something is wrong.

Cleaning Up This method leaves much to be desired: it is complicated to set up, it is not modular at all, and the paths have to be reset each time a new bash terminal is started. We can at least alleviate the last one of these slightly by building it into a shell script.

If you want this to be readily available each time you open a new terminal, you can edit/create a file called .bash_profile in your home directory (/Users/<Your_User_Name>/). Simply add the following to the file:

```
$ export SZG_HOME=/sw/syzygy/wii/szg/
$ export SZG_BIN=/Users/<Your_User_Name>/szgbin/
$ export SZG_PYINCLUDE=/sw/include/python2.3/
$ export SZG_PYLIB=
$ export PYTHONPATH=$SZGBIN
```

Or, if you don't wish to edit your .bash_profile, you can add the last three of those to the szguser.profile and source it every time you open a new shell.

And that should do it! This is definitely an imperfect process, and I'm open to improvement on it.